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LETTER TO THE EDITOR

Promising Lecanicillium lecanii strains for the biological control of

Rhipicephalus (Boophilus) microplus Canestrini

Cepas de Lecanicillium lecanii promisorias para el control biológico de Rhipicephalus

(Boophilus) microplus Canestrini

Lecanicillium lecanii (Zimmerman) Zare & Gams [= Verticillium lecanii (Zimmerman) Viégas] fungus is reported

as a parasite of arthropods, plant pathogens and others in tropical and subtropical areas. Six Cuban native strains

of L. lecanii belonging to the collection of the Plant Mycology Laboratory at National Center for Animal and Plant

Health (CENSA) were evaluated against the engorged females Rhipicephalus (Boophilus) microplus by the adult

immersion test. The parasitic action of three entomopathogenic fungi strains on engorged females was evidenced

with a significant decrease in the oviposition rate. Their parasitism on fresh eggs of this parasite was also determined

decreasing their hatching rate. Koch's postulates confirmed their identity.

These results are encouraging and this research line is being carrying out at the Veterinary Parasitology and

Plant Mycology Laboratories at CENSA, in order to obtain an effective product against Rhipicephalus (Boophilus)

microplus.

Yousmel Alemán Gaínza, Marcel Montano Pérez, Benedicto Martínez Coca

National Center for Animal and Plant Health (CENSA). San José de las Lajas, Mayabeque, Cuba.

E-mail: <u>yaleman@censa.edu.cu</u>.